

# West Northamptonshire Council Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

June 2023



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The contents of this report relate only to the matters which have come to our attention, which we believe need to be reported to you as part of our audit planning process. It is not a comprehensive record of all the relevant matters, which may be subject to change, and in particular we cannot be held responsible to you for reporting all of the risks which may affect the Authority or all weaknesses in your internal controls. This report has been prepared solely for your benefit and should not be quoted in whole or in part without our prior written consent. We do not accept any responsibility for any loss occasioned to any third party acting, or refraining from acting on the basis of the content of this report, as this report was not prepared for, nor intended for, any other purpose.

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# Introduction

## Your key Grant Thornton team members are:

### Ciaran McLaughlin

Key Audit Partner

T 020 7728 2936

E Ciaran.T.McLaughlin@uk.gt.com

### Paul Harvey

Manager

T 0116 257 5589

E Paul.M.Harvey@uk.gt.com

### Ross Corbett

Assistant Manager

T 0121 232 5221

E Ross.DL.Corbett@uk.gt.com

This paper provides the Audit Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes:

- a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority; and
- includes a number of challenge questions in respect of these emerging issues which the Committee may wish to consider (these are a tool to use, if helpful, rather than formal questions requiring responses for audit purposes)

Members of the Audit Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications <https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/en/services/public-sector-services/>

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

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# Progress at June 2023

## Financial Statements Audit

Completion of our audit planning work has been delayed due to the ongoing 2020/21 audits of the predecessor bodies. Once these audits are completed we will complete our interim fieldwork for the 2021/22 audit. Our interim fieldwork includes:

- Reviewing the Authority's control environment
- Gaining an understanding of Authority's financial systems
- Reviewing Internal Audit reports on core financial systems
- Understanding how the Authority makes material estimates for the financial statements
- Early work on emerging accounting issues

We are aiming to issue a detailed audit plan, setting out our proposed approach to the audit of the Authority's 2021/22 financial statements in July 2023. We expect to begin our work on your draft financial statements in July 2023 and are expecting to receive your draft financial statements at the end of June.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and aim to give our opinion on the Statement of Accounts by December 2023

## Value for Money

The new Code of Audit Practice (the "Code") came into force on 1 April 2020 for audit years 2020/21 and onwards. The most significant change under the new Code was the introduction of an Auditor's Annual Report, containing a commentary on arrangements to secure value for money and any associated recommendations, if required.

The new approach is more complex, more involved and is planned to make more impact.

Under the 2020 Code of Audit Practice, for relevant authorities other than local NHS bodies auditors are required to issue our Auditor's Annual Report no later than 30 September or, where this is not possible, issue an audit letter setting out the reasons for delay.

As a result of the ongoing pandemic, and the impact it has had on both preparers and auditors of accounts to complete their work as quickly as would normally be expected, the National Audit Office has updated its guidance to auditors to allow us to postpone completion of our work on arrangements to secure value for money and focus our resources firstly on the delivery of our opinions on the financial statements. This is intended to help ensure as many as possible could be issued in line with national timetables and legislation. The extended deadline for the issue of the Auditor's Annual Report is now no more than three months after the date of the opinion on the financial statements. A copy of our interim Auditor's Annual Report for 2021/22 is included on the agenda for this committee meeting.

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# Progress at June 2023 (cont.)

## Other areas

### Certification of claims and returns

We certify the Authority's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions (DWP). The certification work for the 2021/22 claim is ongoing and we expect to complete this work in October 2023.

### Meetings

We continue to have regular meetings with Finance Officers to discuss emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective. We have also met with your Executive Director of Finance as part of our quarterly liaison meetings to discuss the Authority's strategic priorities and plans.

## Audit Fees

During 2017, PSAA awarded contracts for audit for a five year period beginning on 1 April 2018. 2021/22 is the fourth year of that contract. Since that time, there have been a number of developments within the accounting and audit profession. Across all sectors and firms, the Financial Reporting Council (FRC) has set out its expectation of improved financial reporting from organisations and the need for auditors to demonstrate increased scepticism and challenge and to undertake additional and more robust testing.

Our work in the Local Government sector in the period 2018/19 to 2021/22 has highlighted areas where financial reporting, in particular, property, plant and equipment and pensions, needs to improve. There is also an increase in the complexity of Local Government financial transactions and financial reporting. This combined with the FRC requirement that all Local Government audits are at or above the "few improvements needed" (2A) rating means that additional audit work is required.

We have reviewed the impact of these changes on both the cost and timing of audits. We have discussed this with your s151 Officer including any proposed variations to the Scale Fee set by PSAA Limited, and have communicated fully with the Audit Committee.

As a firm, we are absolutely committed to meeting the expectations of the FRC with regard to audit quality and local government financial reporting.

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# Audit Deliverables

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<b>2021/22 Deliverables</b>	<b>Planned Date</b>	<b>Status</b>
<b>Audit Plan</b> We are required to issue a detailed audit plan to the Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Authority's 2021/22 financial statements and to issue a commentary on the Authority's value for money arrangements in the Auditor's Annual Report	August 2023	Not yet due
<b>Audit Findings Report</b> The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the December Audit Committee.	December 2023	Not yet due
<b>Auditors Report</b> This includes the opinion on your financial statements.	December 2023	Not yet due
<b>Auditor's Annual Report</b> This report communicates the key outputs of the audit, including our commentary on the Authority's value for money arrangements.	Interim: June 2023 Final: December 2023	Completed Not yet due

## Note

The above planned dates are based on us receiving draft 2021/22 financial statements at the end of June 2023. Any delay in receipt of the draft financial statements will impact on our delivery timescale.

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<b>2021/22 Audit-related Deliverables</b>	<b>Planned date</b>	<b>Status</b>
<b>Housing Benefit Subsidy – certification</b> This is the report we submit to Department of Work and Pensions based upon the mandated agreed upon procedures we are required to perform.	October 2023	Not yet due

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# Sector Update

Authorities continue to try to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider local government sector and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- [Grant Thornton Publications](#)
- [Insights from local government sector specialists](#)
- [Reports of interest](#)
- [Accounting and regulatory updates](#)

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website by clicking on the logos below:

A teal rectangular button with the text "Public Sector" in white, sans-serif font, centered within the button.

Public Sector

A dark purple rectangular button with the text "Local government" in white, sans-serif font, centered within the button.

Local  
government

# Delayed publication of audited local authority accounts

In December 2022 there were over 600 local audit opinions outstanding. This means that many stakeholders can't rely on audited accounts to inform decision making – a significant risk for governance and control.

Local authority accounts are becoming increasingly complex as accounting standards evolve and local authorities enter more and more innovative financing arrangements and income generation projects. A significant challenge in managing local audits is the differing needs of various stakeholders. The local government sector, central government and regulators need to agree on the purpose of local audit and find a consensus on improving efficiency in publishing accounts. Grant Thornton has produced a report that explore the reasons for delayed publication of audited local authority accounts.

Table 1 below illustrates the declining performance against the target date for publication of audited accounts in recent years.

**Table 1 Audited accounts published by target date over the last six years**

Financial year	Deadline for publication of unaudited accounts	Target date for publication of audited accounts	% audited accounts published by target date (all firms average)	% audited accounts published by target date (Grant Thornton audits)
2016/17	30 June 2017	30 September 2017	95	97
2017/18	31 May 2018	31 July 2018	87	91
2018/19	31 May 2019	31 July 2019	58	65
2019/20	1 September 2020	30 November 2020	45	54
2020/21	1 August 2021	30 September 2021	9	12
2021/22	1 August 2022	30 November 2022	12	20

## About time?

Exploring the reasons for delayed publication of audited local authority accounts

March 2023





# Delayed publication of audited local authority accounts

What more can be done?

All key stakeholders in the local audit system will need to continue their efforts to secure improvement and a return to high levels of compliance with timely publication of audited accounts. The report explores several of the causes of delay and steps which might be taken to reduce the incidence of delays.

These steps relate to systems leadership, holding both authorities and auditors to account for their performance, a continued focus on the quality of accounts preparation and audit, and the effective engagement between auditors and audited bodies.

The report makes 20 recommendations for improving timeliness in publishing audited accounts.

The report also sets out a checklist which management and the audit committee should consider. The report recommends DLUHC, CIPFA or the FRC set out expectations for the system as a whole.

[Click here for full report](#)

## About time?

Exploring the reasons for delayed publication of audited local authority accounts

March 2023



# Local government procurement and contract management-

## Background

Local authorities in England spend around £82.4 billion a year on goods and services. More than a third of all UK government spending on goods and services is spent in the local government sector<sup>1</sup>. Allowing for capital spending as well, the UK public sector procures around £300 billion a year overall.

We reviewed a large number of reports, inspections and interventions issued by a number of firms, including 53 Annual Auditor Reports issued by Grant Thornton UK LLP. To help build on existing good practice, in this report we highlight some common themes for members and officers to consider:

This report considers a selection of issues we identified under each theme and makes recommendations both to local authorities and, in one case, to central government. The report presents a good practice checklist for local authority members and officers to reflect on.

The analysis sets out five key themes for ensuring good practice:

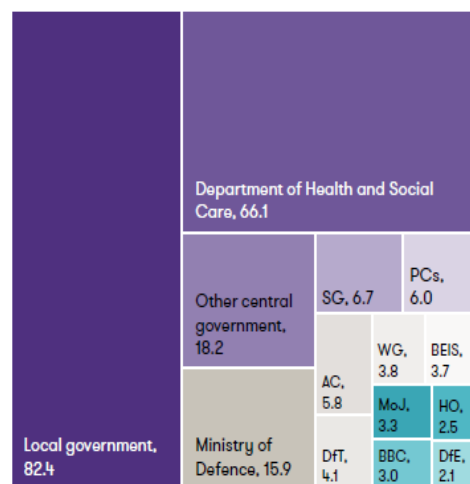
- Strategic planning
- Internal control
- Time, technical expertise, and people
- Commercial awareness
- Contract management

[full report here](#)

More than a third of all UK government spending on goods and services is spent by local government, so it's important councils have effective arrangements for procurement and contract management

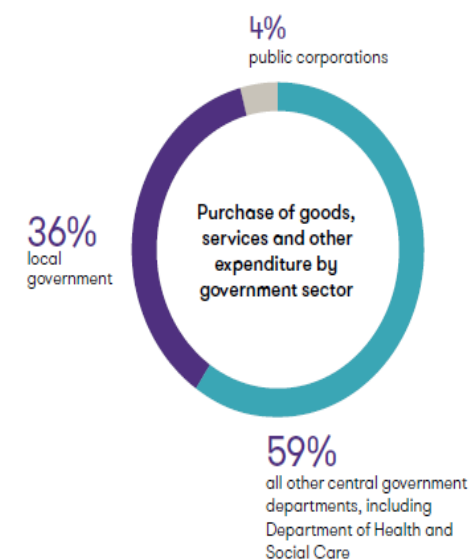
## UK public spending

Public spending on goods and services, £ billions - analysis by segment and department<sup>2</sup>



PCs Other Public Corporations AC Academies  
DfT Department for Transport MoJ Ministry of Justice  
WG Welsh Government BBC British Broadcasting Corporation  
HO Home Office  
DfE Department of Education BEIS Department of Business, Industry Strategy  
SG Scottish Government

Goods, services and other expenditure by segment<sup>4</sup>



<sup>1</sup> HM Treasury, Whole of Government Accounts: year ended 31 March 2020, June 2022  
<sup>2</sup> Cabinet Office, Transforming Public Procurement: Government response to consultation, December 2021  
<sup>3</sup> HM Treasury, Whole of Government Accounts: year ended 31 March 2020, June 2022  
<sup>4</sup> HM Treasury, Whole of Government Accounts: year ended 31 March 2020, June 2022

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# SEND deficits kept off budgets for another three years

The government has allowed councils to keep deficits on spending for children with special educational needs and disabilities off their balance sheets for a further three years.

The government's local government finance policy statement published on 12th December 2022 says that the statutory override for the Dedicated Schools Grant (DSG) will be extended for the next three years, from 2023-24 to 2025-26.

Councils use the high needs funding block of the DSG to fund Send provision. But for many authorities, the cost of this has been outstripping the amounts provided by tens of millions of pounds, leading to a total deficit estimated at more than £2bn.

The statutory override means that any DSG deficits are not included in council's main revenue budgets. Before today's announcement, it had been due to expire in 2023. Last year, Matt Dunkley, chair of the Association of Directors of Children's Services' resources and sustainability policy committee, said: "We think the cumulative high needs block deficits of local authorities are approximately £2.3bn."

In June, the government launched the £85m Delivering Better Value in Send programme, that involves specialist advisors probing 55 councils' financial data to try and cut their DSG deficits. The Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy, a partner in the programme, said the scheme would provide "project management, change management and financial modelling capacity".

The programme is running alongside the Department for Education's 'safety valve' support scheme that offers bailouts for the councils with the largest Send spending deficits, in return for them implementing stringent reforms.

About 40 councils are expected to receive safety valve funding, meaning that the two programmes together will include about two thirds of councils with responsibility for Send. Also in June, the then children's minister Will Quince wrote a letter to council chief executives warning that a "significant number of councils are "running services that are not sustainable, and instead jeopardise the longevity of that crucial support".

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# Stonewall Gold Employer: GT's LGBTQIA+ inclusion journey

## Background

15 Feb 2023, Stonewall, Europe's largest charity for Lesbian, Gay, Bi, Trans, and Queer (LGBTQIA+) rights, launched its widely anticipated Top 100 Employers List – recognising us for our work in supporting LGBTQIA+ colleagues to be the best versions of themselves at work and awarding us Gold Employer, the highest award.

We're proud to announce that we've ranked among the UK's leading employers from the public, private, and third sectors in the Stonewall Workplace Equality Index (WEI). We've also been recognised as a Gold Employer. Overall, we've ranked 38th in the latest WEI results, and 26th in the private sector, and 9th in the financial services sector.

# Sustainability: Finance at the heart of decision making

In November 2022 CIPFA published an article on public sector specific response to climate change. Below is an extract from CIPFA's website:

## “Role of the finance profession

Finance and accounting professionals need to move beyond simply measuring and reporting the impact of climate change, environmental regulation, supply chain pressure and rising energy costs. They must focus on understanding those implications and integrating them into financial management and business planning. The ability to integrate climate risks into overall operational risks is a major challenge. The finance profession will need to be able to collect data from different professions (scientists, valuation experts, biologists, meteorologists etc) and be able to understand but also challenge assumptions and projections. The importance of effective communication to both internal and external stakeholders must not be underestimated. Climate reporting should result in decision makers having all the information necessary to be effective, to measure progress and to hold those responsible to account.

Opportunities and risks must be identified and stress tested using various scenarios, including temperature rises of 2C and more. The impact of collapsed ecosystems must not be ignored – from rising sea levels to food scarcity and the mass migration of people whose land is no longer inhabitable. We need honesty, transparency and above all leadership to tackle the climate issues that exist and lie ahead.

## Conclusion

The current focus on net zero emissions by 2050 misses the point that climate change is already happening. There is an urgent need for adaptation measures to be introduced that allow the UK to live with higher temperatures, wetter winters and warmer, drier summers. At the moment we are severely under prepared. This is a call for urgent action from government, both at central and local level. The IPCC recommended threshold of limiting temperature rises to 1.5C is **set to be broken**. Temperature rises above 2.5C will mean ecosystems will collapse which will have severe repercussions on our society as a whole. CIPFA and ICAEW share the view that the finance function has an important role to play in combating climate change. We would like to see the finance profession taking the lead for the public sector in its efforts to tackle climate change”.

[Click here for link to the article](#)

# Grant Thornton – Nearly 60 councils at risk of ‘running out of money’ next year

Grant Thornton has warned that the soaring cost of living combined with a decade of austerity could see up to a sixth of English councils fully deplete their reserves in 2023-24 without substantial spending cuts.

Research found that, as a result of higher inflation, councils are expected to have a cumulative budget deficit of £7.3bn by 2025-26 – an increase of £4.6bn since forecasts made at the beginning of this year.

Grant Thornton said that although reserves were bolstered by more than £5bn in 2020-21 due to higher government funding, these balances will “continue to unwind through the long tail of Covid-19” with close to 60 councils forecast to use all earmarked and unallocated reserves next year.

Without additional income, authorities would need to make savings of over £125 per person by 2025-26, equal to the average yearly spend on homelessness, sports and leisure, parks and open spaces, libraries and waste services.

Phillip Woolley, Head of Public Services Consulting at Grant Thornton, said: “Local government has faced unprecedented demands and pressures over the last decade and without action from both central government and councils, in the face of these inflationary pressures, the list of authorities in need of exceptional support looks set to grow quickly.

“Our research shows the additional Covid-19 funding, while critical to support immediate challenges, has not addressed underlying systemic issues or the precariousness of councils’ financial sustainability in the face of economic instability.

“Local authorities are also now facing the risk of interest rate rises, increasing debt financing costs and the real risk of reduced funding from central government, in response to the current economic turmoil facing the country. Without committed intervention from all sides, there is a risk that the sector levels down instead of up.”

Grant Thornton estimated unitary authorities would have the largest budget gap (£1.8bn) by 2025-26, but district councils would have the largest gap compared to net spending at 10.2%.

The firm added that austerity and changing policy demands have left councils struggling to innovate in their services and prevented investment in finance and procurement, diminishing the sector’s ability to tackle medium-term challenges.

Grant Thornton said additional government funding alone will not lead to improvements, and that councils should focus on improving governance and developing financial stability plans.

Joanne Pitt, local government policy manager at CIPFA, said: “With no spending review and no fair funding review, CIPFA shares Grant Thornton’s concerns about the financial sustainability of some in the sector.

“While there are actions local authorities can take to strengthen their own financial resilience, they are facing significant inflationary pressures and rising demand which makes this hugely challenging for the sector.”



# Audit Committees: Practical Guidance For Local Authorities And Police – CIPFA

In October CIPFA published this guide, stating “This fully revised and updated edition takes into account recent legislative changes and professional developments and supports the 2022 CIPFA Position Statement. It includes additional guidance and resources to support audit committee members, and those working with and supporting the committee’s development.”

CIPFA go on to state “Audit committees are a key component of governance. Their purpose is to provide an independent and high-level focus on the adequacy of governance, risk and control arrangements. They play an important role in supporting leadership teams, elected representatives, police and crime commissioners and chief constables.

This edition updates CIPFA’s 2018 publication to complement the 2022 edition of the CIPFA Position Statement on audit committees.

The suite of publications has separate guidance resources for audit committee members in authorities, members of police audit committees, and a supplement for those responsible for guiding the committee.

New aspects include legislation changes in Wales and new expectations in England following the Redmond Review. All authorities and police bodies are encouraged to use the publication to review and develop their arrangements in accordance with the Position Statement.

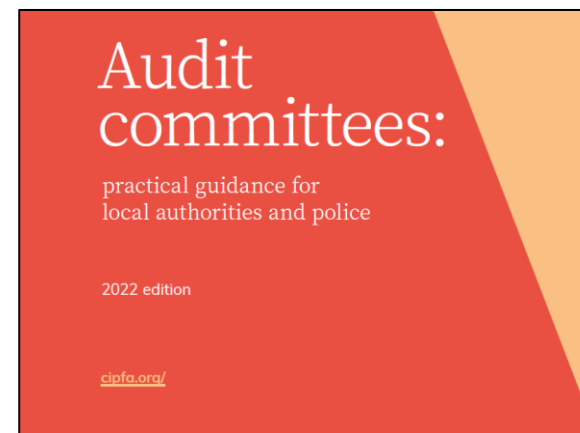
The appendices include suggested terms of reference, a knowledge and skills framework and effectiveness improvement tools.”

The guide covers a number of key areas for Audit Committees, including:

- Purpose
- Core functions:
  - Governance, Risk and Control
  - Accountability and Public Reporting
  - Assurance and Audit arrangements
  - Ensuring focus
- Independence and accountability
- Membership and effectiveness

The guide can be purchased via the CIPFA website:

[Audit Committee Guidance: 2022 update | CIPFA](#)





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